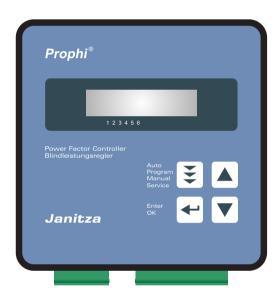
Prophi® 6T

Manual



6.0.E - 04/2020

Doc. no. 2.020.025.1.a

Janitza electronics GmbH Vor dem Polstück 6 D-35633 Lahnau Support: +49 6441 9642-22

E-Mail: info@janitza.com www.janitza.com

CONTENTS

Section 1	General / type series and accessories			2
Section 2	Installation of the controller / connection diagram			4
	2.1 2.2 2.3	Program	measurement ming of phase-correction utput / error messages	5 6
Section 3	Operating modes			6
Section 4			ion / display functions	7
Section 5	Program	-	,,	·
	5.1 5.2	Program Program	menu ming lock	8 10
Section 6	Manual o	peration	/ Programming of fixed stages	11
Section 7	Service menu			12
Section 8	Expert m	ert mode		12
	8.1 8.2	Expert m		13
Section 9	Control principle		14	
Section 10	Initial operation			15
Section 11	Maintenance and warranty			15
Section 12	Troubleshooting			16
Section 13	Technical data		17	
Annex:	Annex 1		Table of control series Description of control-series editor	18
	Annex 2		Default settings	19

Operating diagram (fast programming)

Section1 General

The dynamic power factor controller *Prophi-6T* represents the consequent development of the *Prophi*-series with new innovative ideas and a multitude of functions.

It has been especially designed to control thyristor modules for dynamic switching of power capacitors for power factor correction (for example TSM-LC or similar). By using a very fast type of processor, it has been possible to obtain extreme short switching cycles which allows the usage for dynamic power factor correction.

In addition to a switching time of <20 ms, the intelligent control principle provides an extremely fast tuning of the power factor by simultaneous switching of several steps. Several parameters that can be edited allow an optimized adjustment to different thyristor modules.

The device is distinguished by user-friendly operation based on menu-guided displays in plain text. Its new features permit an intuitive mode of operation. Easy-to-understand symbols and texts in 10 local languages combine simplest operability with self-evident displays.

Main features:

- ✓ 6 switching outputs
- ✓ Measuring voltage of 30...525V (L-N) or (L-L)
- ☑ Supply voltage 110...230 VAC
- 20 pre-programmed control series with a self-optimized intelligent control response
- ☑ Control-series editor for user-defined control series
- ☑ Complete menu-guided operation and display (10 languages)
- ☑ Illuminated graphic display with 2 x 16 characters
- ☑ Four-quadrant operation
- ☑ Display of various line parameters (V, I, F, Q, P, S...)
- ✓ Display and monitoring of temperature
- ☑ Storage of maximum line-parameter
- ☑ Manual / automatic operation
- Programming of fixed stages and the option of skipping individual outputs
- ✓ No-voltage turn-off
- ☑ Error detection for various states and interference-message output
- ☑ Switchboard-integrated housing 144x144x55 mm

The controller is supplied as standard for an operating voltage of 110...230VAC(+/-15%), a measuring voltage of 30...525 VAC (L-N) or (L-L) and a measuring current of 5A or 1A. (programmable). A voltage converter is required for different operating voltages.



Caution! Voltages which exceed the allowed voltage range can damage the device!

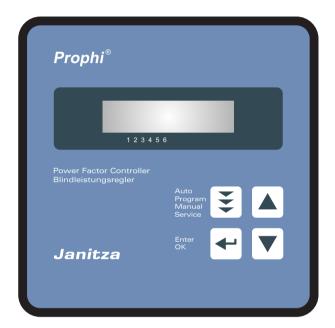


Fig.1 Front view

Operating mode

- Automatic
- Programming
- Manual operation
- Service
- Expert mode



Enter / OK Confirm and store values



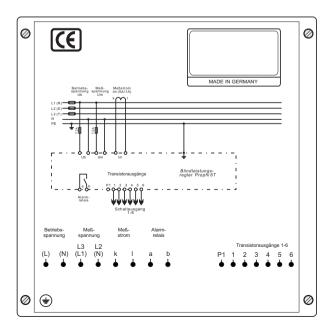
Increase selected parameter



Reduce selected parameter



Fig.2 Rear view



Section 2 Installation and connection of the controller

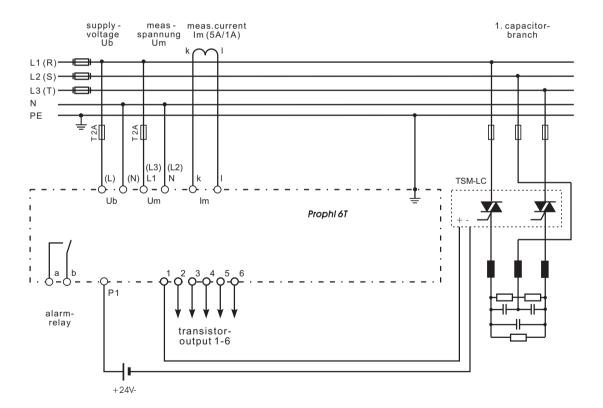
The device is designed to be incorporated into the front panel of a PFC-cabinet. It requires a switchboard section of 138×138 mm to DIN 43700/ IEC 61554. The controller is inserted from the front and is attached by means of the appended clamps. The controller may be inserted only by qualified technicians and must be operated in accordance with the specified safety regulations.

Before the controller is connected up, all leads and cables must be checked to ensure that no current is flowing through them and the current converter must be short-circuited. Care should be taken to ensure that the measuring voltage and current are in the correct phase position. The measuring-current circuit must be wired with copper leads of 2.5mm^2 . The connection should be set up as shown in Fig. 3. The specified safety regulations must be observed.

The measuring voltage may lie in the range from $30-525\,\mathrm{V}$ and can be connected between L-N (default) or between L-L. (programming of phase correction needed).

The operating voltage is 110...230 V +/- 15% and can be connected between L - N or L-L. (depending of the grid)

Fig. 3: Connection plan



2.1 Current measurement

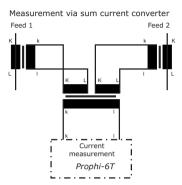
When installing the current converter, care should be taken to ensure that the load current flows through it. The outputs of the compensation network must be installed behind the current converter (in the direction of current flow). If the device is connected up via sum-current converters, the overall conversion ratio is entered.

Example:

C.converter 1: 1000/5A C.converter 2: 1000/5A

Sum-current converter: 5A+5A/5A

C.converter ratio is: 2000/5A



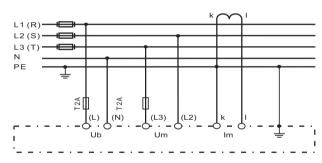
2.2 Programming of phase-correction - e.g. connection directly L-L (400V)

Adjustment of phase-correction between voltage and current in the meas. system is done in expert mode 1 (page 14)

Example:

Meas.current: L1 Meas. Voltage L3-L2

Phase U/I [90°]



using	meas. current	meas. voltage	phase-angle
preset	L1	L1 - N	0°
p. 2222	L1	L1 - L2	30°
	L1 (k<->l)	L2 - N	60°
example	L1	L3 - L2	90°
	L1	L3 - N	120°
	L1	L3 - L1	150°
	L1 (k<->l)	L1 - N	180°
	L1 (k<->l)	L1 - L2	210°
	L1	L2 - N	240°
	L1	L2 - L3	270°
	L1 (k<->l)	L3 - N	300°
	L1 (k<->l)	L3 - L1	330°

2.3 Alarm output / error messages

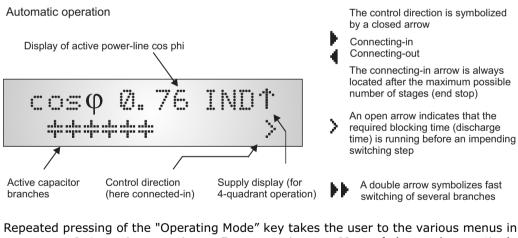
The alarm contact is closed in normal operation and opens in the event of a fault. The relevant fault is simultaneously shown on the display in plain text (alternating with the standard display in automatic operation). The following fault messages are displayed:

UNDER-COMPENSATED	Display and relay output
missing reactive power	
OVER-COMPENSATED	Display and relay output
OVERCURRENT	Display and relay output
MEASURING VOLTAGE?	Display and relay output
OVERTEMPERATURE	Display and relay output
OVERVOLTAGE	Display and relay output
UNDERVOLTAGE	Display and relay output
HARMONICS	Display and relay output

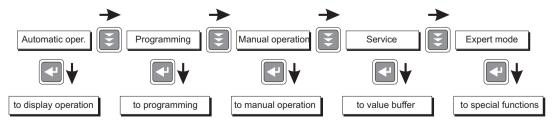
Additionally several messages for different operation states are generated. An individual adjustment resp. suppression of particular messages is possible in expert mode 2. During suppression, the indication of the message in the display, a possible release via alarm-relays and effects on the controlling process will be prevented.

Section 3 Operating modes

When the operating voltage is switched on, the device displays its designation and software version, then changes to its normal operating status (automatic operation). The active cos-phi value is always displayed in the upper line and the currently connected capacitors are shown as symbols in the lower line (operating display).



Repeated pressing of the "Operating Mode" key takes the user to the various menus in sequence: **Auto**matic operation - **Program**ming - **Manual** (manual operation)-**Service - Expert** mode and back.



Section 4 Automatic operation - display of network parameter

The controller is set to automatic operation as standard. Capacitor stages are then automatically connected in or out in order to reach the target power factor. This happens when the required reactive power exceeds the value of the smallest capacitor stage. In automatic operation, various network parameters can be displayed by repeatedly pressing the "ENTER" key:

1 LINE VOLTAGE 230.1 V

Action	Display		
ENTER	1 LINE VOLTAGE	in V	
ENTER	2 APPARENT CURRENT	in A	/ %
ENTER	3 REACTIVE POWER	in kvar	/ %
ENTER	4 ACTIVE POWER	in kW	/ %
ENTER	5 APPARENT POWER	in kVA	/%
ENTER	6 DIFF. kVAR TO TARGET COS		
ENTER	7 FREQUENCY	in Hz	
ENTER	8 TEMPERATURE	in °C	/°F
ENTER	9 HARMONICS (319.) V/%, I/%		%
ENTER	10 THD-V; THD-I in%		
ENTER	Software version		
ENTER	Return to: 1		

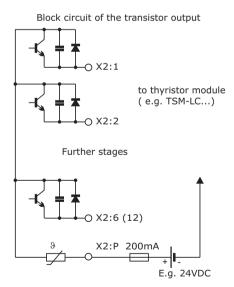
The power value specifies the total power (3-phase) assuming symmetrical load. If no key is pressed for 60 seconds, the display automatically returns to the operating status!

Switching outputs

The switching outputs are executed as transistor outputs.

The transistor outputs are used via an additional auxiliary voltage (10 - 24 VDC) for a direct triggering of thyristor switches for the dynamic power factor correction (i.e. TSM).

Max.current for a single output: 40mA Sum current all 6 outputs: 150mA





WARNING: Mixing-up of outputs and thus applying of 230 VAC on the transistor outputs will destroy the internal transistors!

Section 5 Programming

Pressing the "Operating mode" key once takes the user from automatic operation to **Program**ming mode.

The upper display always shows the parameter and the lower one the set value. The values are changed by pressing the \uparrow / \checkmark keys. Subsequent pressing of the "ENTER" key stores the value and takes the user to the next parameter.

To quit programming mode in any step, press the "Operating mode" key.

5.1. Program Menu

- **LANGUAGE SELECTION:** This selects the language of the operating menu (German, English, Spanish, French, Russian, Czech, Dutch, Polish, Portuguese, Turkish)
- 1 I-CONVERTER PRIM: [5...13000]A

 This selects the primary current of the current converter. Adjustment is via the ↑ / ♦ keys. Save and continue with ENTER
- 2 I-CONVERTER SEC: [5 or 1]A

 This sets the secondary current of the current converter

 Selection via ↑ / ♥. Save and continue with ENTER
- 3 END STOPP: [1...6]

 By setting the end stopp, the number of active capacitor branches is matched to the respective capacitor bank. This is done via the ↑ / ↓ keys. The visible symbols of the capacitors correspond to the connected outputs. The maximum possible number of capacitor branches is preset at the works (6 branches).

 Save and continue with ENTER
- 4 **CONTROL SERIES**: [1...20 + E]The ratio of the capacitor branch power determines the control series, the power of the first capacitor always being assigned the value 1. The control series required for the compensation network is again selected via the \uparrow / Ψ keys. If the required control series should exceptionally not be present (Annex 1), the user may define a special one (control series "E"). More on this point in the control-series editor in Annex 1.
- **5 CONTROL PRINCIPLE**: The control preference may be selected here:

Save and continue with ENTER

SEQUENTIAL connection
LOOP connection
INTELLIGENT loop connection (default setting)
COMBINED CHOKE

See Section 9 for an explanation of the various control modes. Selection with \uparrow / ψ keys. Save and continue with ENTER

6 POWER 1. STAGE: [0.01 ... 255.99] kvar

To determine the controller's response sensitivity, the dimensions of the network's smallest capacitor (stage 1) must be known. They are entered in two steps in kvar. The integral kvar values (before the comma) are initially selected via the \uparrow / \lor keys and saved with ENTER. The positions after the comma are then selected, again via the \uparrow / \lor keys. If the response sensitivity is being undercut, a warning will occur (indication of "!" in the display)

Save and continue with ENTER

7 TARGET COS PHI: [0.3 ind ... 0.3 cap]

By setting the target cos phi, the power factor to be attained via the PF correction is defined. It is also set via the \uparrow / \checkmark keys.

Save and continue with ENTER

8 MEASURING VOLTAGE [30 ... 525] V

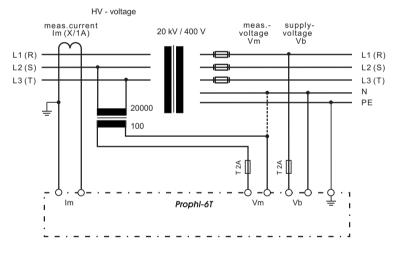
Programming the measuring voltage. The values programmed here always refer to the voltage at the clamps of the device!

The voltage is selected via the \wedge / Ψ keys. Save and continue with ENTER.

9 V-CONVERTER RATIO [NO] possible: 230V...380kV / Vmeas.

When a measuring-voltage converter (e.g. for HV- measurement) is used, its conversion ratio should be programmed here:

- Direct programming of the prim. voltage of the voltage converter
- The sec. voltage is set automatically from the programmed meas.voltage under 8 Selection via the ↑ / ↓ keys. Save and continue with ENTER.



10 CONNECTING TIME

[20...1000]ms

This refers to the time between connecting the capacitors to increase the momentary network capacitance. It should be noted that in practical operation the real connection time is affected by the discharge time (locking time).

Default setting: 1000 ms

Selection is performed via the \uparrow / Ψ keys. Continue with ENTER

11 DISCONNECTING TIME [20 ... 1000]ms

This refers to the time between disconnecting the capacitors to reduce the momentary network capacitance..

Default setting: 1000 ms

Selection is performed via the ↑ / \(\psi \) keys. Continue with ENTER

12 DISCHARGE TIME [20 ...1000]ms

This is the time for which an individual output is blocked between connecting and disconnecting. This blocking time has priority over connecting and disconnecting times. It depends on the capacitor discharge rating and thus is specified by the compensation network.

Default setting: 200 ms

Selection is performed via the \uparrow / Ψ keys. Continue with ENTER

13 ALARM TEMP [50...85]°C

The alarm temperature programmed here is the temperature at which the capacitor stages are disconnected in steps. The controller's **alarm relay** responds after 60 seconds. At the same time the display shows the cause of the alarm (over-temperature). If the temperature drops again, the required branches are automatically re-connected in steps.

The selection is performed with the \uparrow / ψ keys. Save and continue with ENTER.

27 DELAY-TIME OF ERROR-MESSAGES [0... 255] sec.

The delay time for error-messages in the display can be changed here.

Default: 20 sec.

28 HARMONICS (harmonic limit) [7]% (0.5...25.5)%

A limit for THD-V (in%) can be entered here. When this threshold is exceeded, a message is given. THD-V is the ratio of the geometric sum of the uneven harmonics to the fundamental.

BASIC SETTING: [YES / NO]

When the selection is made with YES and confirmed with ENTER, all parameters are reset to the basic setting made by the PFC-system manufacturer.

(Optimal network values when the controller was supplied with a complete PFC-system). If the controller is supplied from the works, this point corresponds to the default setting.

CAUTION: All user settings are lost!

Programming is now completed. The controller has returned to point 1 of the programming menu.

5.2 Programming lock

The *Prophi-6T* is equipped with a programming lock to ensure protection from unauthorized or inadvertent changes to the system parameters. The lock can be activated in expert mode. If the lock is active, all parameters can be checked but not changed.

<u>Manual operation</u> (initial operation, maintenance, service) Programming of fixed stages

In manual operation, capacitor branches can be connected/disconnected **in the set control series and switching time -** irrespective of prevailing power-line conditions. The starting condition is STOPP (no stages connected). Connections are made by pressing the \uparrow key. Pressing ψ initially leads back to STOPP mode. Repeated pressing of ψ leads to the disconnection of stages. The active operating status and active power factor are always shown on the display (self-explanatory).

Manual operation





Pressing ENTER takes the user to the menu point "Programming of fixed stages". In the normal case, all stages are programmed for automatic operation (default setting).

Setting of fixed stages



In special cases, all controller outputs (C1 - C6) may be permanently defined in succession (continued switching via ENTER) for the following statuses:

OFF: The output is continuously disconnected - e.g. for temporarily disconnecting a defective capacitor. The capacitor symbol for this output is faded out. Underlining appears.

AUTO: Automatic (normal) operation

The relevant output is marked by a capacitor symbol.

FIXED: The output is continuously connected, e.g. for fixed PFC. The output is marked by an underlined capacitor symbol.

TEST: short-term switch-on of individual outputs possible for test purpose

The active stage is blinking. The required status is set via \uparrow / \rlap . By pressing ENTER, the user saves this step and moves to the next stage.

The programmed statuses for the outputs also remain visible on the display in automatic operation.

After the required settings have been made, pressing the "Operating Mode" key takes the user to the next menu ("Service") or further to "Automatic Operation".

Section 7 Service menu

The service menu is reached by the operating-mode key.

The stored maximum values of the network parameters can be displayed here.

In addition, a fault memory is available, in which the last 40 fault states of the system are stored with fault code and in plain text. (This allows, for example, capturing short lived events of overtemperature or overvoltage)

Action	Display	
ENTER	1 min./max. VOLTAGE	in V
ENTER	2 max. REACTIVE POWER	in kvar /%
ENTER	3 max. ACTIVE POWER	in kW / %
ENTER	4 max. APPARENT POWER	in kVA / %
ENTER	5 max. TEMPERATURE	in °C / °F
ENTER	6 RESET the maximum values	
ENTER	ERROR MEMORY E[1]	in plaintext
ENTER	ERROR MEMORY RESET	
ENTER	Back to 1	

Section 8 Expert mode 1 and 2

The expert mode is meant for the adjustment of values which normally should not be changed. As a protection against mal-operation this level has an access code branching out in Expert mode 1 or 2.

Password: Expert mode 1: "6343" Expert mode 2: "2244"

8.1. Expert mode 1

2 BASIC SETTING NEW [NO] (NO / YES)

Storage of active programming as a new basic setting.

Caution: The original values are overwritten in the process!

3 SWITCHING POWER max [100] kvar (multiples of the smallest stage)

This factor specifies the maximum power which may be switched in one switching step. It can be used to control the intelligent control system, which switches several stages as a function of the power-factor requirement.

4 SWITCH.TRIGGER [66]% (30...100%)

Threshold for switching on of next stage. It should not be changed in normal case!

5 OPERATING LOCK [NO] (NO / YES)

6 PHASE I [0°]

[L1] - L1 - N Adjustment of current phase position

7 PHASE U [0°]

L1 - [L1 - N] Adjustment of voltage phase position

Phase correction between voltage and current in the measuring system.

This setting allows to measure also in systems without neutral.(example p.5)

8 POWER 1. STEP [0...255] (0...2550)

Range for entering the stage outputs can be increased here (e.g. HV-measuring)

9 CONTROL[3]PHASE

(3/1)

The measuring system of the controller is generally based on single-phase measurement. For all standard settings (three-phase), the measurement is converted and all outputs displayed as three-phase values (symmetry in grid assumed). In the single-phase setting, display and control apply only to the single-phase value measured.

10 DISPLAY [cos Phi] (cos Phi/tan Phi)

Changeover between cos/tan Phi for all displays and calculations in the device

11 HARMONICS [NO] (NO/YES)

Release of calculation and display of harmonics.

8.2. Expert mode 2 (Password: 2244)

The additional 2nd expert mode includes all messages for operation, warning and error which are displayed by the *Prophi-6T*. Here they may be deactivated separately. When deactivated, the indication of the message in the display as well as possible activation of the relay or effects on the control behavior are suppressed.

EXPERT MODE 2 [YES] (YES/NO)

Activation of particular operation, warning and error messages (list of all messages in menu plan last page)

2 ALARM TIME [120] sec. (1...255 sec.)

Time after which the alarm relay will respond

3 UNDERVOLTAGE [50] % (20...100%)

meas. voltage below this threshold will switch OFF all stages

at the same time

4 OVERVOLTAGE [115]% (105...140%)

meas. voltage above this threshold will switch OFF the stages

step by step

5 FREQUENCY [40...80]Hz (50Hz/60Hz)

Measurement by the controller is done automatically in grids of 40 ... 80 Hz. In grids with extremely poor voltage quality it is recommend to select a fix frequency (50 or 60 Hz) to avoid measuring errors due to voltage sags.

Section 9 Control principle

The control response of the *Prophi-6T* can be selected in programming mode. In principle, the controller has four different control modes:

1. Sequential connection

In sequential connection, the required capacitor stages are successively connected and disconnected in stages (last in - first out). The ranking of each step always corresponds to the power of the smallest stage.

Advantage: Exact definition of the next capacitor to be connected in each case **Disadvantage**: Long settling time, high switching frequency of the small stages

In order to shorten the settling time, the BR6000 switches several stages simultaneously for a large power-factor requirement. This applies to all control types. The maximum dimensions of the simultaneously switching branches can be changed in expert mode. If the value of the smallest stage is pre-selected, the conventional sequential connection is obtained.

2. Loop connection

In this variant, the controller operates in loop mode (first in - first out) which minimizes the wear on the capacitor bank, i.e. where stages are of equivalent dimensions, the stage which was disconnected for the longest period of time is always connected next.

Advantage: Balanced utilization of equivalent stages and thus an increased operating life of the capacitor bank.

Disadvantage: This mode can only be used in control series with groups of the same stage power and long settling time, as every switching step corresponds to the value of the smallest stage.

3. Intelligent loop connection (default setting)

The intelligent control principle combines the advantages of the network-sparing loop connection (first in - first out) with a much faster settling time, even for large load skips, and reaches this goal with the fewest possible switching operations of the capacitor stages. The optimized time response is achieved by the simultaneous switching of several or larger capacitor groups as a function of the missing power factor in the power line. Both the number of real switching frequencies of the capacitors as well as the turn-on times of the branches are considered.

Advantage: Reaches the target cos phi in a fast-optimized settling time with a low switching frequency of the capacitors.

4. Combined de-tuning (special case for combined de-tuned banks)

Within a combined de-tuned application, 2 adjoining equal steps are switched with just one joint choke. This pairwise de-tuning requires an appropriate closed control series (i.e. 1:1:1:1..., 1:1:2:2..., 1:1:2:2:4:4... or similar)

The condition for the switching behavior is defined in such a way that the number of activated odd steps is always greater than or equal to the number of activated even steps. The controller complies with the requirements of the control regime while largely conforming to the intelligent switching behavior.

Section 10 Initial operation

The controller must have been installed before being set up and operated. All network-specific parameters are fully programmed as described in section 5 (Programming) by being entered in sequence and stored. The controller is then set to automatic operation with the operating mode key. It is now ready for operation.

Section 11 Maintenance and warranty

The controller should need no maintenance if the operating conditions are observed. However, it is recommended that a functional check of the controller be performed in conjunction with the regular checking of the capacitor bank. In the event of any interventions in the controller during the warranty period, all warranty claims lapse.

Section 12 Troubleshooting

Fault	Check / Solution
At target cos phi=1 and inductive load, switch-off or connection of capacitor in the corrected line Supply / Drawing mismatched	Check terminals of the measuring voltage and current (I and k)! Check phase position
Wrong line cosphi is displayed	See above
Display: "UNDER CURRENT"	Current in measuring range? Line interruption? Wrong current-converter factor? Current transformer short-circuited?
Display: "OVERCURRENT" Alarm relay: after 1 min.	Check current-converter ratio Go through measuring current range
Display: "UNDERCOMPENSATED" Alarm relay: after 1 min.	Check connection and phase position! All stages connected - target cos phi not reached: compensation network sufficiently dimensioned?
Display: "OVERCOMPENSATED" Alarm relay: after 1 min.	Check connection and phase position! Capacitive grid, although all stages disconnected
Display: "MEASUREMENT VOLTAGE ???" Alarm relay: after 1 min.	No measurement voltage!
Display: "OVERTEMPERATURE" Alarm relay: after 1 min.	Cabinet temperature too high: Outputs are switched off in stages irrespective of power-line conditions
Stages are disconnected for an inductive line or connected for a capacitive line	If a target cos phi is set which deviates from 1 despite an inductive line load, the display < (disconnect stages) may light up. The arrows indicate the control direction and not the line conditions.
The controller does not connect all stages, or cos phi does not change at the last stages	Check END STOPP!
In automatic operation, individual stages are not connected or disconnected	Check whether individual stages are programmed as fixed stages or OFF in the "Manual operation / Fixed stages" menu!
In strongly asymmetrically loaded lines, differences may occur between control response and power-factor measurement, as the power factor is measured in single phase.	Line measurements allow the most favorable phase for measuring the power factor to be determined. The current converter is set accordingly for the measuring current.
No operating voltage	Note: No display, alarm relay is activated (open)

Section 13 Technical data

Type series	Prophi-6T
Outputs	6
Languages	G/E/ES/RU/NL/CZ/PL/F/PT/TR
Switching power of outputs	24 VDC, appr. 40mA for triggering TSM-LC
Number of active outputs	Programmable
Operation and display	Illuminated graphic display 2 x 16 characters
	with convenient operating level
Number of control series	20
User-defined control series	1
Control principle	Sequential connection, loop connection or
	self-optimized switching response
	Four-quadrant operation
	·
Operating voltage	110230 VAC, +/-15%, 50 / 60Hz
Measuring voltage	30525 VAC, (L-N) oder (L-L), 50 / 60Hz
Measuring current	X:5/1A selectable
Power drawn	< 5 VA
Sensitivity	50 mA / 10 mA
Target cos phi	0.3 inductive to 0.3 capacitive adjustable
Connecting time	Selectable from 20 ms - 1 sec.
Disconnecting time	Selectable from 20 ms - 1 sec.
Discharge time	Selectable from 20 ms - 1 sec.
Fixed stages/ skipped stages	Programmable
Alarm relay	Standard
No-voltage triggering	Standard
Display of power-line parameters	Power factor, voltage, apparent current,
	frequency, reactive-, active-, apparent power,
	missing kvar, temperature, harmonics
Storage of maximum values	Voltage, reactive power, active power, apparent
_	power, temperature
Temperature measurement range	-30 100°C
Error memory	Last 40 error states are stored
Accuracy	Current, voltage: 1%
Accuracy	Reactive-, active-, apparent power: 2%
Housing	Switchboard-integrated housing
Tiodollig	DIN 43 700, 144 x 144 x 53 mm
Weight	1 ka
Operating ambient temperature	-20 to +60°C
Protection type to DIN 40 050	Front: IP 54, Rear: IP 20
Safety guidelines	IEC 61010, EN 61010-1
Sensitivity to interference	IEC 61000-6-2, EN 61326
(industrial areas)	IEC 61000-4-2: 8kV
,	IEC 61000-4-4: 4kV

No.	Control series	Loop connection
1	1:1:1:1:1:1	Possible
2	1:2:2:2:2	Possible
3	1:2:3:3:3	Possible
4	1:2:3:4:4:4	Possible
5	1:2:4:4:4:4	Possible
6	1:2:3:6:6:6	Possible
7	1:2:4:8:8:8	Possible
8	1:1:1:2:2	Possible
9	1:1:1:1:6	Possible
10	1:1:2:2:2:2	Possible
11	1:1:2:2:2:4	Possible
12	1:1:2:2:4:4	Possible
13	1:1:1:2:2:2	Possible
14	1:1:2:3:3:3	Possible
15	1:1:2:4:4:4	Possible
16	1:1:2:4:8:8	Possible
17	1:2:2:3:3:3	Possible
18	1:2:3:4:4:8	Possible
19	1:2:2:4:4:4	Possible
20	1:2:2:4:4	Possible
"E"	Control-series editor	Possible

Control - series editor (programming up to a rating of 30)

The control-series editor allows the user to simply define his/her own control series if the required control series is not available for any reason.

The last control series - Control Series E - is selected by pressing the "Programming" key (point 4: Control series) and confirmed with ENTER. This leads to the insertion of an additional menu point in the main menu -> the control-series editor. It may be reached via the "Operating Mode" key.



In the control-series editor, all stages can be set in succession to the desired value with the selection keys \uparrow / ψ . The next stage in each case is reached by pressing ENTER. In the control series editor, the various steps may be programmed up to a rating of 30 (!). The rating >9 is indicated in the display as follows: 10=A, 11=B, 12=C, 13=D, 14=E, 15=F, 16=G 30=U

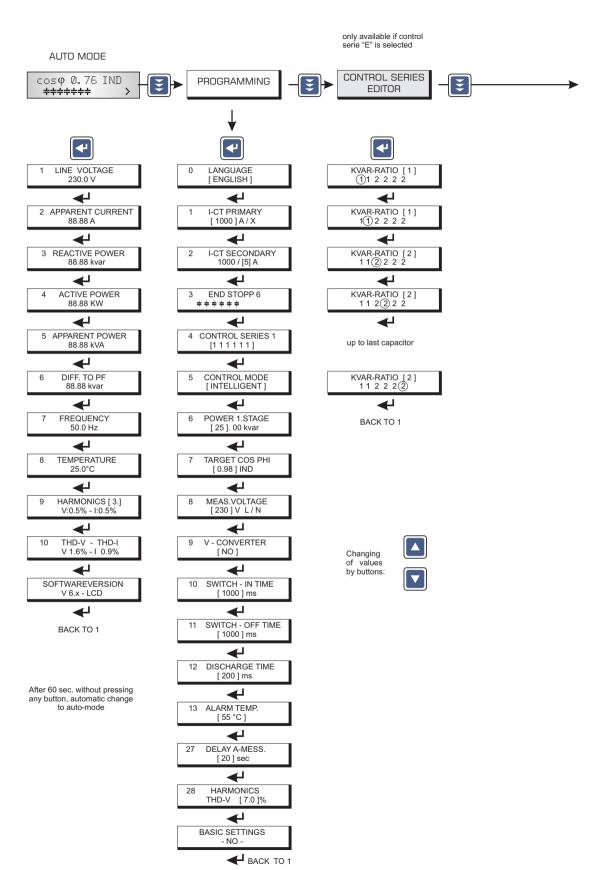
ALL control series can be generated (even downwards). The customer will decide whether the generated control series is of sense.

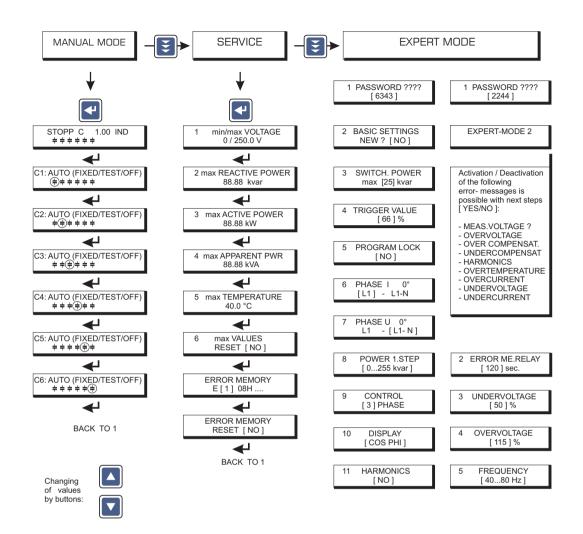
The maximum number of stages can be limited by a programmed END STOPP < 6

Annex 2: Default settings

Note: The following values for the default settings apply only if the controller is supplied directly from the manufacturer. Otherwise, these values may have been replaced by settings made by the manufacturer of the compensation network (optimal values for the relevant network).

No.	Parameter	Default setting	Programmed values of this system (to be entered by manufacturer or operator)
0	LANGUAGE	ENGLISH	
1	I CONVERTER prim.	1000 A	
2	I CONVERTER sec.	5 A	
3	END STOPP	6	
4	CONTROL SERIES	1	
5	CONTROL PRINCIPLE	INTELLIGENT	
6	POWER 1. STAGE	25.00 kvar	
7	TARGET COS-PHI	0.98 IND	
8	MEASURING VOLTAGE	230 V L-N	
9	V- CONVERTER RATIO	- NO -	
10	SWITCH- IN TIME	1 sec.	
11	SWITCH- OFF TIME	1 sec.	
12	DISCHARGETIME	0.2 sec.	
13	ALARM TEMP.	55 °C	
	DELAY ERROR MESSAGE	20 sec.	
	Capacitor stages Password Expert mode 1 Password Expert mode 2	AUTO 6343 2244	Cannot be changed Cannot be changed
	assword Experemode 2		Carriot be changed
	Trigger value	66%	
	Max.simult.switch.power Operating lock Phase shift U/I	4 x smallest stage - NO - 0 °	
	Power 1. stage Control	0255 kvar 3 - phase	





Operating diagram (Brief programming) Power Factor Controller *Prophi-6T*

Janitza electronics GmbH Vor dem Polstück 6 35633 Lahnau / Germany

Tel.: +49 6441 - 9642-0 E-Mail: info@janitza.com info@janitza.com | www.janitza.com

